

Bromine – Easy Start-Up Directions

NOTE: Any time a chemical is added, make sure that the water is at least **80 degrees**, the **jets/pumps are on**, and leave the **lid in the open position** for 30 minutes to an hour. Many chemicals use gallons as a dosage guideline. Having a **spa care chart** is a great way to keep track of how the usage affects the water quality and chemicals, and will provide a guide to help establish a regime.

- 1) **Test the water.** This provides an idea of the quality of water from the initial start up.
- 2) Add **calcium hardness** and **alkalinity** increaser if needed. **Note:** Water from a well source may not need calcium or alkalinity at first, but will need one bottle of metal out.
- 3) Wait 1-2 hours for the alkalinity to dissolve properly (**test again**) and then adjust the alkalinity (if needed) and then **PH** up or down as needed.
- 4) Add **bromine tablets** in the floating dispenser (in accordance with the directions on the bottle) to establish and maintain the recommended amount of bromine. Bromine is the sanitizer. The tablets will need to be replaced as they dissolve and directly relates to how much the spa is being used. Do not completely submerge the dispenser. Open and close the dispenser according to the directions contained in the floater.
- 5) Shock assists in keeping the water clear. Add **shock** at start up and once or twice a week depending on usage.

Continue to **test the water regularly** (minimum of once a week). Maintain the correct balance of alkalinity, PH and chlorine. Keep the **filters** cleaned regularly and in accordance with the usage.

Note: If there is no bromine reading when the water is tested, bromine concentrate can be added to raise the bromine level quickly.